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CRYPTANTHUS ZONATUS ZEBRINA

BARRINGTON
GREENHOUSES

HOUSE PLANT SPECIALISTS

860 CLEMENTS BRIDGE ROAD

BARRINGTON, N. J.

HOUSE PLANT CULTURE

You will find throughout the catalog, with each plant listed (or group of similar plants), key letters. These key letters, when checked with the explanation below, will explain all the basic cultural preferences of the plant of interest to you. This system permits us to include far more plants in our catalog than would be possible by describing cultural preferences of every plant individually.

Such an extensive offering of house plants as this (about 500 varieties), in all fairness to you, the window gardener, must include the basic cultural requirements. Do not be discouraged, if the particular plants that appeal to you, do not seem to fit into the conditions you can offer. The cultural keys offered are preferences, not demands of the plants. In many, or possibly most cases, the plants are rather tolerant. For example, those that are classed C-H in the temperature range (and possibly the largest group), should do well in the home. Even though the range is 60° - 70°, this is the night time preference. And you should drop your house temperature 10° or 15° at night anyway, for your own health's sake, as well as for the plants. Plants in the C and C-H group need a lower night time temperature to enable them to store food manufactured during the day. Similar day and night temperatures cause them to lose this food.

The C-H group, can as a rule, slide up into the lower range of the H group, and often down into the upper reaches of the C group (should you have a cool, hobby greenhouse). Plants classed as H will definitely not do under C conditions, nor plants classified as C thrive under H conditions. Location preferences are for Winter. In Summer, some plants indicated for full sun will want light shade.

We do not recommend excessive artificial feeding, as seems to be the practice nowadays, due to the many super-duper plant foods on the market. Nor do we recommend very rich soil as they both tend to provide more food for the plants than they actually want under house conditions.

TEMPERATURE: Night time preferences. Day temperature should be 10° or more higher.

C—Cool. 45° - 60°. This group is recommended only for sun porch or cool greenhouse.

C-H—60° - 70°. This is the largest group of house plants. A great deal of tolerance one direction or the other in many cases.

H—Quite Warm. 70° - 80°. Many will stand C-H conditions, but prefer the higher range.

SOIL: Proper soil will do much toward making a happier, healthier plant.

R—Rich. A good percentage of humus or leafmold in the soil. Loose, for good drainage.

L—Loam. Good garden soil with a bit of humus.

O—Osmunda or sphagnum moss. Perfect drainage recommended. Coarse leafmold can be added. Plants in this group should be fed every two to four weeks.

P—Peat, loam, leafmold and sand.

LOCATION: Some plants under designated keys will actually tolerate anywhere from sunny to shady. Experiment, but change your location gradually, not drastically.

S—Sun. Preferred as much of the day as possible.

F—Filtered Sunlight. Either through partly opened blinds or thin drapes. In late Fall, Winter, and earliest Spring, when sunlight is weaker, full morning sun is suitable if reasonable indirect light is possible the rest of the day.

D—Shady. No actual sunlight necessary. Not even filtered. This does not mean a dark corner. Some indirect light is needed, in varying degrees, best learned by trial.

MOISTURE: Care in proper watering is very important to the well-being of the plant.

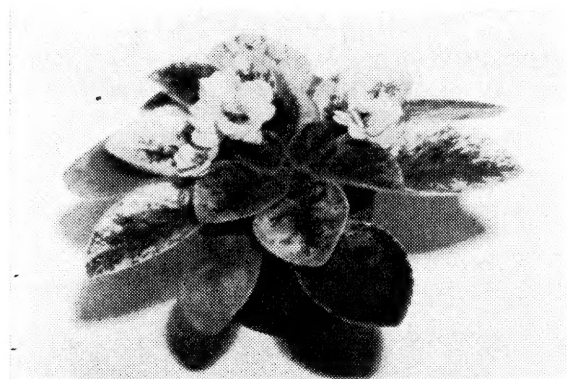
N—Nearly dry. Allow plants to *nearly* dry between waterings.

M—Moist. Don't allow soil to get soggy. Well drained soil is the rule. But it should never be allowed to actually dry. Plants would suffer considerably.

W—Wet. Pot can be set in a saucer of water, if drained every day or two.

HUMIDITY: This group requires more humidity than average homes provide.

T—High Humidity. But usually tolerates less than desired. Suggested method is a saucer of pebbles almost covered with water. Water will evaporate and rise about the foliage. Syringing the foliage several times weekly will help. Putting such plants in a terrarium is quite satisfactory if possible.



WINTERGREEN



KELLAR'S HOLLY

AFRICAN VIOLETS (Saintpaulia)

African Violets (or botanically, Saintpaulia) belong to the family Gesneriaceae. While they are currently enjoying a widespread popularity, few people realize how many other worthwhile plants there are in the same family. We are listing all other related plants which we grow, under Gesneriads, for your convenience.

BRONZE ELF—A lovable dwarf with small, round, cup-shaped leaves which turn a bit bronzy in good light. Very free-blooming with upper petals dark and lower petals light orchid.

CALIFORNIA DARK PLUM—A fine grower with unbelievably dark plum-colored flowers. There is also a suggestion of that elusive red in the flowers.

FANTASY—A vigorous grower and bloomer with pale orchid flowers marked with an abundance of lavender streaks on the petals. Outstanding!

GROTEI—A true, trailing African Violet species with blue flowers. Quite suitable for a hanging basket if desired. Easy to grow.

KELLAR'S HOLLY—A blue-flowered variety, highly prized for its dark, ruffled leaves, remindful of Holly. **Illustrated above.**

MISS LIBERTY—Another dwarf charmer, this variety grows with small, bunched-up leaves, irregularly cut and lobed, with yellow centers, making a compact, tight mound of foliage. The narrowly white-edged, bright purple flowers are carried airily above the foliage.

ORBICULARIS—Desirable species having a natural, untampered-with charm that might not be improved upon. A multitude of dainty, little, pale blue flowers with darker centers are carried well above the foliage. Highly recommended.

SEA GIRL—A very doubled, blue-flowered variety with "girl-type" foliage of cut and frilled leaves with yellow centers. This variety suckers freely, always making very dense growth.

WILD GIRL—A decidedly different type with trailing tendency and unusual, short, broad leaves, deeply cut and lobed all around. Blue flowers.

WINTERGREEN—A distinctive variety with bi-colored leaves of yellow and green. Double blue and white flowers. **Illustrated above.**

All of the above varieties are a uniform price of \$1 each, or a complete collection of the above 10 outstanding varieties for only \$9.

OTHER VARIETIES—We also offer a collection of six different, labeled varieties, our choice, and all very desirable ones, for \$4.50 (not including the above). Or 10 different for \$6.75.

Cultural key letters are HRFM. Also, cold water on leaves can cause spot or leaf burn. And always take the chill off the water before watering your plants.

VIOLET LEAVES—Growing African Violet plants from leaves is really quite easy and merely requires a bit of patience. And there is a great deal of satisfaction to be gained from raising your plant from start to maturity rather than purchasing someone else's efforts. Merely put the leaf petioles down in damp sand, vermiculite, or even in a glass of water to start them. We offer 10 different, labeled leaves, (our selection of fine varieties) for \$2.50. Or 25 different, labeled, for only \$5.

ABELIA EDWARD GOUCHER—Long-blooming, small, shrubby plant with clusters of fragrant, pink “trumpets.” C-HLSM. 75 cents.

ABUTILON MEGAPOTAMICUM VARIEGATUM—Unusual, trailing variety of “Flowering Maple” with flowers more resembling red and yellow Fuchsia flowers hanging daintily from among the strikingly rich yellow-blotched leaves. Fine for baskets. HRSM. 75 cents.

ABUTILON SOUVENIR DE BONN (Flowering Maple)—Rosy orange bell-like blossoms. White edged, Maple-type leaves. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

ABUTILON THOMSONI—Apricot colored “bells.” Foliage spotted yellow. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

ACALYPHA HISPIDA (Chenille Plant)—Truly unique! Flowers are long, fluffy red tassels, sometimes 12 inches long or more. HLSM. 75 cents.

ACALYPHA WILKESIANA (Fire-dragon Plant)—Related to above variety, but grown for the brightly colored foliage, which is mottled with red, green, yellow and brown. HLSM. 75 cents.

AECHMEA FASCIATA (The Urn Plant)—A Bromeliad with silver-banded, green leaves in an upright rosette. As with all Bromeliads, keep the center of the plant filled with water. The pink and blue flower spike actually lasts three to five months. C to HR or OFN. \$2.25.

AECHMEA FOSTER'S FAVORITE (Living Vase)—A Bromeliad with glossy, wine red leaves forming a hollow rosette in which cut flowers may be put. C to HR or OFN. \$1.50.

AGAPANTHUS ORIENTALIS (Lily of the Nile)—Giant umbels of fragrant, blue trumpets rising from Lily-like foliage. C-HRSM. 75 cents.

AGAPANTHUS ORIENTALIS WHITE—Similar to last but white flowered. C-HRSM. 90 cents.

AGAPANTHUS DWARF EVER-GREEN—Free blooming, blue flowered dwarf. C-HRSM. \$1.

AGATHEA COELESTIS (Blue Marguerite)—Blue “daisy” flowers for Winter blooming. C-HLSM. 60 cents.

AGLAONEMA COMMUTATUM (Variegated Chinese Evergreen)—Stiff, dark green leaves, streaked with silver. Fine foliage plant. HLFM. 75 cents.

AICHRYSON VARIEGATED (Youth and Old Age)—Close set cream and green variegated leaves on bushy little plants. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

ALOE CILIARIS (Climbing Aloe)—Thick, narrow leaves. Red flowers on climbing stems. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

ALTERNANTHERA AUREA NANA (Joseph's Coat)—Bushy, little plant with close-set green and gold leaves. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

ALTERNANTHERA BETTZICKIANA (Joseph's Coat)—As above, but leaves are variegated red, pink, yellow and green. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

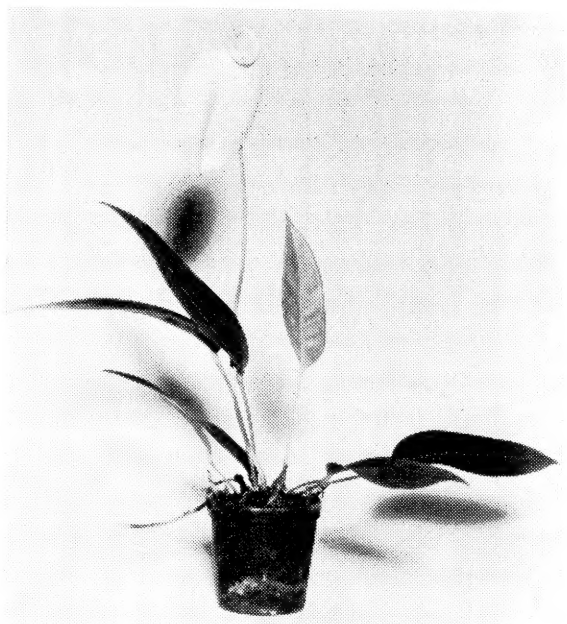
ALTERNANTHERA VERSICOLOR—Maroon foliage with odd, white flower heads. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

AMARYLLIS PROCERA or WAR-SLEYA RAYNERI (Blue Amaryllis)—Very rare, blue flowered species. 2½ year bulbs. Not easy. CRSM. \$2.50.

ANIGOZANTHOS FLAVIDA (Kangaroo Paw)—Rare Australian member of the Amaryllids. Stems and flowers are covered with yellow “wool.” And the odd flowers are shaped like paws, presumably a kangaroo's. Keep dry during the dormant period. C-HRSM. \$1.50.

ANTHURIUM ANDREANUM HYBRIDS (Flamingo Flower)—“Exotic splendor” probably best describes these tropical treasures. The stately plants with large, glossy green leaves bear the most waxy “flower” spathes imaginable in brilliant pink, red, orange, salmon or coral. Quite ever-blooming with each flower literally lasting for several months. HR or OFM. \$4.50 each. or your color selection for \$5. Blooming size.

ANTHURIUM CRYSTALLINUM—Large, heart-shaped, velvety green leaves with sparkling, silvery-crystaled veins. HR or ODM. \$2.



ANTHURIUM SCHERZERIANUM

ANTHURIUMSCHERZERIANUM HYBRIDS—More dwarf than the Andreanum hybs., the exotic “boat sail” flowers are topped with a spiralled spadix. Flowers vary from white, pink, red to spotted forms. Sorry, no color choice. Blooming size plants. HR or OFM. \$3.

APHELANDRA ATROVIRENS—Low, compact plant. Dark olive green leaves, with rosy veining maturing to cream. Short spikes of bright yellow flowers. Choice. HRFM. \$1.25.

ARDISIA CRISPA—Shiny, crenulate, green leaves. Clusters of red berries. C-HPSM. 65 cents.

ARISTOLOCHIA ELEGANS (Calico Flower)—Broad, heart-shaped leaved vine with fantastic, great pipe-shaped flowers, white, yellow and green with purple splotches. C-HRFMT. \$1.

AZALEA ALBERT AND ELIZABETH—Tender variety for indoors. Beautiful, large, white-petaled, double flowers, edged with pink. C-HPSM. \$1.50.

BELOPERONE GUTTATA (Shrimp Plant)—Small, white flowers protrude from many, overlapping, red bracts to give this plant its appropriate name. HRSM. 50 cents.



APHELANDRA ATROVIRENS

BILLBERGIA NUTANS—An easy Bromeliad. Tall, silvery-backed rosettes which make a nice foliage plant in addition to the exotic, pendant, green and yellow blossoms which rise from beautiful, long, deep pink sheaths. C to HR or OFN. 50 cents.

BILLBERGIA SAUNDERSIAE HYBRIDS—Tall rosettes of broader leaves than B. nutans. Leaves are bronzy when grown in good light, and often cream spotted. Crimson sheath with red and indigo flowers. C to HR or OFN. \$1.50.

BLETILLA HYACINTHINA—Easy, pretty, purple-flowered Orchid for pot culture. Also winter-hardy outdoors. C-HLSM. \$1.

BOUGAINVILLEA BARBARA KARST—Vine which may be kept pinched for a bushy pot plant. Large clusters of crimson flower bracts. C-HLSN. \$1.

BOUVARDIA FIRE CHIEF—Attractive, half-trailing plant. Not the least of its charms lying in the clusters of vivid red trumpets which know no particular season. C-HLSN. 75 cents.

BUDDLEIA ASIATICA (Butterfly Bush)—The fragrant, white Buddleia of the florists. Winter-blooming under glass. CLSM. 60 cents.

BUDDLEIA GLOBOSA—Golden globe-clusters of fragrance. Large pot plant in the North. Hardy in the South. CLSM. 75 cents.



BEGONIA DANCING GIRL

BEGONIAS

In this group are to be found some of the most satisfactory and beautiful house plants. Many are grown for the colorful foliage alone.

Fibrous Rooted Types

ACUTANGULARIS — Silver-veined, green leaves on odd, square stems. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

AFRICAN SPECIES—Smooth, long, narrow, leathery leaves on an upright plant. White flowers. Quite different for a Begonia. C-HRFM. \$1.25.

ALLERYI—Hairy, green leaves. Large white flowers spotted with pink hairs. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

ALTO-SCHARFFI—Large, deep green, fuzzy leaves, undersides red. Large, pink, hairy blooms. C-HRFM. \$1.

BRAEMAR—Olive green, pointed, oval leaves with dark red undersides. The startlingly large, leaf bud sheathes look somewhat like very large flowers. But the actual pink-haired, white flowers are also large. C-HRFM. \$1.

CORALLINA DE LUCERNE—Vigorous Angel Wing type. Large, bronzy leaves maturing to green with silver spots. Pendant clusters of red blossoms almost constantly. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

CORBEILLE DE FEU (Basket of Fire)—Heavy sprays of vivid red blossoms. Bushy plant. C-HRFM. 50 cents.

CUBAN HOLLY (Cuban species)—Brownish “holly-like” leaves. White flowered. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

DANCING GIRL—Pink, silver, and green, undulate leaves, variably shaped. Bushy plant. Red flowered. A gem. C-HRFM. \$1.25.

DECKERTS SELECT—Small leaved plant with very free-blooming red flowers. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

DELICIOSA — From the jungles of Borneo comes this regal Begonia with deeply cut, green leaves that are strewn with silver dust and covered with a sheen. C-HRFM. \$1.

DICHROA UNDULATA DECLATA—Cane type Begonia with extremely dark green leaves, variably silver-spotted. Red blooms. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

DIGSWELLIANA — Small, bushy plant. Drooping clusters of scarlet blossoms. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

DREGEI—Makes beautiful bushy plants with white flowers and small, red-veined leaves. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

FOLIOSA (Fern Begonia)—Tiniest leaved of all Begonias. The graceful, arching “fronds” are sprinkled with dainty white blossoms. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

FUCHSIODES (Fuchsia Begonia)—Small, glossy-leaved plant with rosy red “Fuchsia” type flowers. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

HEMSLEYANA — Distinctive Begonia with each leaf composed of long, radiating leaflets in Palm-like effect. Pink flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.50.

INDIAN FOLIOSA—Similar to foliosa, but a bit larger in every respect. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

JINNY MAY—Dwarf cane type Begonia with free-blooming, pendant sprays of deep rose blossoms. Leaves usually ripple-edged. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

KELLERMANI—Unusual white-felted, emerald green leaves of unlobed, cup shape. White flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.

MACROCARPA — Arching branches of long, dark green leaves, rose beneath. New leaves developing are lovely as a flower. Nile-green and pink. Flowers white. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

MACROCARPA PUBESCENS—Very soft, fuzzy green leaves on upright plants. White flowered. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

MARGARITACEAE—Beautiful metallic-purple leaves. Large, pink blossoms. C-HRFM. \$1.

MARGARITAE—Slightly hairy, ovate, green leaves. Free blooming, pink-haired, white flowers. Easy. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

MARIE HOLLEY—Glossy, maple-like leaves and white flowers. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

MAZAE—Upright Begonia with satiny, light green leaves, broadly veined with chocolate. Very nice. Pink flowers. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

MEDORA (Miniature Trout Leaf)—Small, silver-spotted, green leaves. Pink flowers. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

MRS. W. A. WALLOW—Long, pointed leaves with red undersides. Pale pink flowers. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

OLBIA—Very velvety, green, maple-type leaves of fair size and pendant sprays of large white flowers. Strong light lends a bronzed cast to the leaves. Choice. C-HRFM. \$1.

ORANGE RUBRA—Arching stems of glossy, silver-spotted leaves. Clusters of orange blossoms. HRFM. \$1.25.

PREUSSEN—Compact, bushy plant. Bronzy leaves. Low hanging sprays of pink flowers. Practically everblooming. Choice. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

RED COMPTA—Compact. Dark red leaves and red flowers. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

RICHARDSIANA (Maple Leaf Begonia)—Semi-tuberous. Upright type. Doesn't go dormant for us. Free-blooming white. Abundance of small "maple" leaves. HRFM. 60 cents.

RICHMONDENSIS—Bushy, with glossy green leaves and clusters of unusually large, bright pink flowers. Everblooming for us. Recommended. C-HRFM. \$1.

RUBRO-VENIA SILVER—Long, tapering, red-backed, silver leaves. White flowered. Choice! C-HRFM. \$1.

SCEPTRUM (Aconitifolium)—Deeply palmately-lobed, emerald green leaves, streaked silver. Reaches stately proportions and displays showers of pendulous, large white flowers, tinged pink. C-HRFM. \$1.25.

SCHARFFI—Big, bronzy leaves. Very soft-hairy and pinkish when new. Quite large white flowers dotted with pink hairs. Compact grower. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

SCHMIDTIANA—A small bushy plant with greyish green, hairy leaves. Free-blooming white. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

STITCH-LEAF—Rounded, green leaf with narrow, black stitches around the edges. Abundant, small red to pink flowers. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

SWISHER'S HYBRID—Deeply lobed, rich dark green leaves, sprinkled with silver spots. Sprays of large, orchid-pink flowers. C-HRFM. \$1.

TEA ROSE—Everblooming pink. "Tea Rose" fragrance. Glossy, green leaves. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

UNDULATA—Bushy plant. Smooth green leaves with wavy edges. Choice white flowers. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

WELTONIENSIS ROSEA—Bronzy green "Maple" leaves. Partial Winter dormancy. Pink flowers the rest of the year, in profusion. HRFM. 60 cents.

Rhizomatous Types

ACETOSA—Round, hairy, deep green leaves. Undersides red velvet. White flowers. A choice variety. C-HRFM. \$1.

BEATRICE HADDRELL—Miniature. Rich black star-type leaf, irregularly veined with green. C-HRFM. \$1.

BLACK BEAUTY (Joe Heyden)—Star type leaves. Well shaded plants produce rich black leaves. Pink flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.

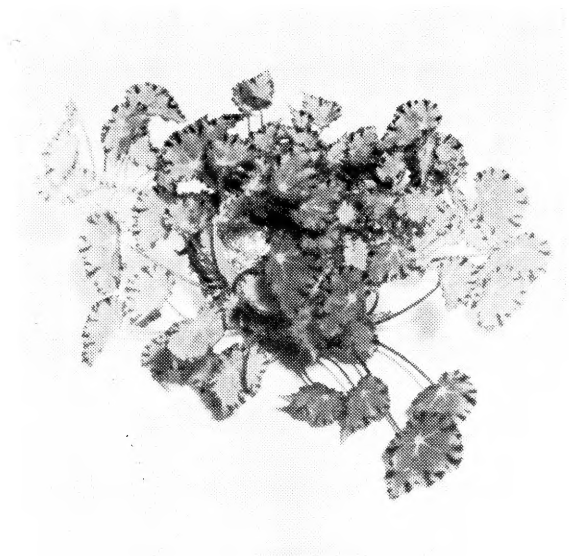
BOW CHANCEE—Green leaves stitched with brown around the edges. Pink flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.

BOW ARRIOLA—Miniature. Green and brown marbled, rounded leaves. Pink flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.

BOW NIGRA—Dark, bronzy leaf with light green markings. Star type. Pink flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.

BOWERI—Dwarf Mexican variety. Light green, hairy-edged leaf with chocolate markings around the edge. Light pink flowers. HRFM. \$1.

BUNCHI (Lettuce Leaf Begonia)—Round, green leaves, heavily curled and ruffled about the edges. Pink flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.



BEGONIA BOWERI

ERYTHROPHYLLA (Feasti)—Large, round, green leaves. Pink flowered. Easy. C-HRFM. \$1.

ERYTHROPHYLLA HELIX—Similar to above but leaves are cut into a spiral at the base and are bronzy. Pink flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.

FUSCOMACULATA—Large, star-shaped, silvery green leaves. Chocolate spotted and splashed. Winter-blooming pink flowers. Choice. C-HRFM. \$1.

GOEGOENSIS—Not recommended for the amateur, this collector's item from the island of Sumatra, while a compact plant, has fair-sized, erect, peltate leaves, perhaps best described as resembling oriental gongs of hammered bronze. Winter-blooming, rose-pink blossoms. C-HRFMT. \$2.25.

HERACLEIFOLIA (Green Star Begonia)—Green, star-shaped leaves. Tall spikes of white flowers. Makes large specimens. Easy. C-HRFM. \$1.

INTAGLIO—Olive green, star-shaped leaves, broadly veined with silver. Upright rhizomatous type. White flowered. C-HRFM. \$1.

MANICATA AUREO MACULATA—Green leaves, spotted and splashed with yellow and hairy on the edges. Pink flowered. Wants stronger light than most. Choice! C-HRFM. \$1.50.

MAPHIL—Gorgeous leaves of char- treuse to gold. Red veining and splashes on new leaves fade to light chocolate as the leaves mature. C-HRFM. \$1.25.

MRS. TOWNSEND (Heracleico- tyle)—Bronzy green leaves (red in re- verse) on hairy, dark red stems. High, dark pink sprays of blossoms. C- HRFM. \$1.

PAGE 13—Bright green leaves, irreg- ularly spattered with small dark red blotches. Specimen-type grower. C- HRFM. \$1.

PERLE LORRAINE (Bertha von Lothringen)—Upright, rhizomatous type. Medium size leaves of green, with every little vein traced in chocolate. Pink flowers. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

POPONOEI—Long petioled, rich emerald green, rounded leaves. Tall spikes of white flowers. Makes a fine, large, show plant. C-HRFM. \$1.

REICHENHEIMI—Velvety, green- ish-black, star-shaped leaves, with sil- very green main veins and edged with white hairs as are the stems. A worthy acquisition. C-HRFM. \$1.25.

REX HYBRIDS—A collecting field in itself, for the Rexes offer a wide variety of color combinations and shapes in their beautiful large leaves. All good varieties. HRFM. \$1 each; 3 different for \$2.85; 5 different for \$4.65.

REX HYBRIDS by name (not in- cluded in above unnamed varie- ties). We offer here our choice of four of the most beautiful and un- usual types yet developed. HRFM.

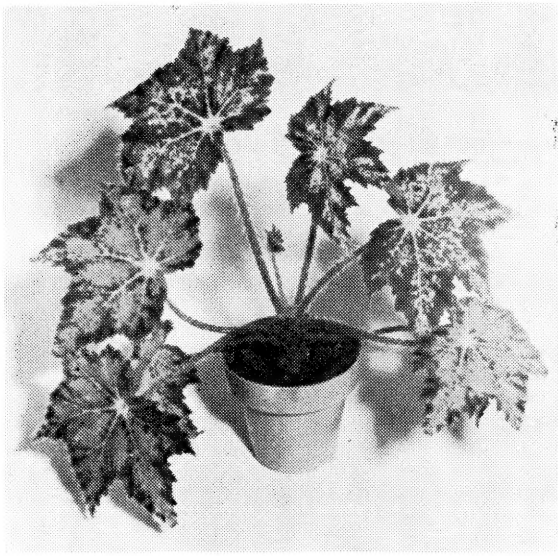
CURLY FIREFLUSH—Spir- aled or helixed, round, green leaves, overlain with dense, velvety, red hairs. The entire leaf is black-margined right into and around the helix.

CURLY SILVER SWEET— Outstanding, upright growing Rex with heavily ruffled, broad, silver leaves, spiraled at the base.

DEW DROP—Very leafy, compact plant with lavender- suffused, silver leaves.

MERRY CHRISTMAS—Su- perb, multicolored leaves of lavender, red, silver and green, set off by a satiny sheen.

The above four outstanding varie- ties at a uniform price of \$1.50 each, or one each for \$5.40.



BEGONIA MAPHIL

RICKY MINTER—Makes huge, oval, pointed dark green leaves, intensely ruffled. Lofty sprays of rosy pink blooms. Quickly makes a Show plant. C-HRFM. \$1.50.

SILVER STAR — A choice variety with deeply cut, star-shaped, silver leaves. Pinkish when new. Pink flowers. C-HRFM. \$1.

SKEEZAR — Silver and green patterned leaves of rather compact growth. C-HRFM. \$1.

STRIGILLOSA — Green and chocolate mottled leaves. Unique! C-HRFM. \$1.

SUNDERBRUCKI—Deeply cut, star leaf with rippled, hairy edges and dark green, velvety appearance with lighter green veins. C-HRFM. \$1.

ZAIDA — Black veined, bronzy-green, oval leaves. Semi-dwarf. C-HRFM. \$1.

ZEE BOWMAN —Dwarf, compact plant with silver-mottled leaves. Pink flowers. C-HRFM. \$1.

Wax Begonias

This type of Begonia tends toward bushiness and is highly valued for its abundance of blooms and everblooming habit. It can stand stronger light than Begonias in general. Not full sun in Summer, though.

BALLET — Bronzy foliage. Double white flowers in constant profusion. C-HRSN. 75 cents.

CARLTON BIZARRE—Double flowered Wax Begonia. Bronze foliage. Abundance of deep pink blossoms with piles of gold in the center. C-HRSN. 75 cents.

CARLTON DELIGHT—Double pink rosebuds. Bronze foliage. C-HRSN. 75 cents.

DAINTY MAID — Compact dwarf with green foliage. Very doubled white flowers with pink-edged petals. C-HRSN. 60 cents.

GENEVA PINK—Double pink flowers. Green leaves. C-HRSN. 60 cents.

GENEVA RED — Similar, but red flowers. C-HRSN. 60 cents.

GENEVA WHITE — Similar, but white. C-HRSN. 60 cents.

INDIAN MAID—Bronze-leaved Wax Begonia. Single red flowers. C-HRSN. 50 cents.

LITTLE GEM — Miniature bronzed leaf variety. Double pink petals, with golden-piled centers. C-HRSN. 75 cents.

A complete collection of the above listed 9 varieties for \$5.50.

Trailing Begonias

This group of Begonias is well adapted to hanging basket culture.

FLORENCE CARROLL — Possibly the only everblooming trailing Begonia. Coral red, pendant blossoms. A heavy feeder. C-HRFM. \$1.

INDRA—Trailing, waxy green leaved Begonia. Will hang or climb. Large sprays of yellow-stamened, white flowers. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

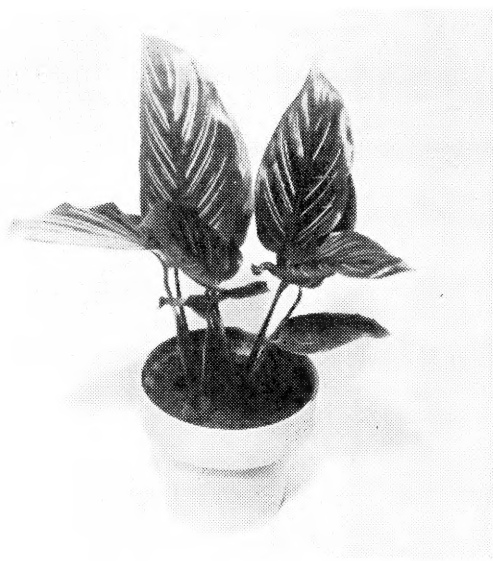
IVY EVER — Heart-shaped green leaves, on small trailing stems. Winter-blooming, large, pink flowers. C-HRFM. \$1.

LIMMINGHEI — Smooth, pointed green leaves. Trailing variety. Large, white blossoms in Winter. Petals edged with coral. C-HRFM. \$1.

MME. FANNY GIRON — Long, pointed, toothed, green leaves. Flowers in bright crimson clusters. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

MARJORIE DAW—Trailing variety with deep pink flowers. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

One each of the above six varieties for \$4.90.



CALATHEA ROSEA LINEATA

CALADIUM HUMBOLDTI (Argyrites)—Rare, miniature Caladium seldom attaining but six or eight inches in height. Dainty, white leaves with light green veins. Has a rest period. HRFMT. \$1.25.

CALATHEA LIETZEI—Wavy, long green leaves with light green feather design in the centers. Purplish undersides. Brazilian foliage plant. HLFM. \$1.

CALATHEA ORNATA var. rosea lineata—Closely pink-striped leaves make this an outstanding foliage plant. Illustrated above. HRFMT. \$1.50.

CAMELLIA JAPONICA (Sarah Frost var.)—Thick, glossy leaves. Double red flowers. Makes a large pot or tub plant, or hardy to Philadelphia. CPSN. \$1.

CARICA PAPAYA—Exotic, large pot or tub plant. It makes the edible Papaya fruit. HRSM. \$1.

CELSIA ARCTURUS (Bear-Tail of Crete)—Grey-green foliage rosettes from which rise long spikes of close set yellow blossoms. C-HLSM. 60 cents.

CEPHALOCEREUS SENILIS (Old Man Cactus)—Unique in that the long, white hairs covering the plant, continue to grow as the plant ages. Eventually can be combed. C-HLSN. 50 cents.



CLERODENDRON UGANDENSE

CESTRUM NOCTURNUM (Night Blooming Jessamine)—The little, starry blossoms that open in the evening, can easily pervade the entire room with a delightful perfume. HLSM. 65 cents.

CHLOROPHYTUM ELATUM (Walking Anthericum)—Rosettes of long, white-striped leaves. New plantlets form on long, trailing stems. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

CHRYSANTHEMUM FRUTESCENS (Boston Daisy)—Everblooming, lemon-yellow "daisies" all year 'round. White also available. Cuts well! CLSM. 60 cents.

CISSUS DISCOLOR (Rex Begonia Vine)—Aptly named for the stunning silver, green and lavender leaves. This exotic vine comes from far away tropical Java. HRFMT. \$1.

CLERODENDRON FRAGRANS pleniflorum—Large, uplifted clusters of intensely perfumed, beautiful, double white blossoms, flushed pink. Erroneously offered by us last year, before blooming, as *C. bungei*. C-HLSMT. \$1.

CLERODENDRON THOMSONAE (Balfouri)—Vivid scarlet and white flowers several times a year. Can be grown as a bushy pot plant or vine. C-HLSMT. \$1.



CROTON "CORKSCREW"

CLERODENDRON UGANDENSE

—Woody plant bearing panicles of rich blue flowers in Winter. C-HLSMT. 75 cents.

CLIVIA MINIATA HYBRIDS—

Young plants with 4-7 strap-like leaves. Well under blooming size but quite attractive plants even without the large trusses of yellow to scarlet trumpets. C-HRFN. \$1.

COLEUS—Choice, cut-leaved and multi-colored plants. C-HLSM. Three diff. for \$1.20; 10 diff. for \$3.50.

COLEUS "TRAILING QUEEN"

—Young plants quickly grow into crimson and cream-pink leaved, trailing specimens. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

CRASSULA ARBORESCENS

(Jade Plant)—Thick, red-edged, green leaves. Almost indestructible and easily makes a specimen plant for the modern home. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

CRASSULA SCHMIDTII—Dwarf

Crassula with little clusters of rose-colored stars for flowers. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

CRASSULA TETRAGONA (Baby

Pine)—Small, succulent, needle-shaped leaves in close set, opposite pairs on branching stems. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

CROSSANDRA UNDULAEFOLIA

—Recent introduction of fast growing popularity. Glossy, laurel-shaped leaves, topped by everblooming spikes of close-set salmon flowers. HRFM. \$1.

CROTON "CORKSCREW"—Fasci-

inating, dense, long-spiralled leaves, variegated with chocolate, red, yellow, etc. C-HLSM. \$1.



CROTON "GOLD DUST"

CROTON "GOLD DUST"—Gold

spotted, oval leaves. Highly recommended for contrast with plain-leaved, flowering plants. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

CROTON "SHOWER OF GOLD"

—Bushy, little, exotic plant with multitudes of long, slender, gold-spotted leaves. Quite different. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

CRYPTANTHUS ROSEUS PICTUS (Earth Star)—Flat, star-shaped

rosettes of pink-striped leaves. An easy Bromeliad. C to HRFN. 50 cents.

CRYPTANTHUS TERMINALIS—

Unusual, erect-growing Cryptanthus with pointed, green leaves, close-set along the stems, and becoming bronzy toward the base. C to HRFN. 75 cents.

CRYPTANTHUS ZONATUS ZE-

BRINA—Shaped like C. pictus, but makes larger plants. Leaves cross-banded with wavy chocolate zones, making it quite outstanding. As with most Bromeliads, it is quite adaptable to the house. C to HRFN. 90 cents.

CUPHEA HYSSOPIFOLIA (Elfin

Herb)—Shrubby, little plant with tiny, opposite leaves from which peep out cheerful, little, lavender-pink stars. Long blooming. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

CUPHEA PLATYCENTRA (Cigar

Plant)—Everblooming, red tubular flowers with white tips, in abundance. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

CYANOTIS SOMALIENSIS (Pus-

sy Ears)—Procumbent stems covered with furry-edged triangular leaves. Also has furry, blue flowers. C-HLFN. 50 cents.



DICHORISANDRA MUSAICA UNDATA

CYPERUS ALTERNIFOLIUS (Umbrella Plant)—Easy, exotic foliage plant with slender, long leaves, radiating from the tops of the tall stems. C-HLS or FW. 50 cents.

CYPHOMANDRA BETACEA (Tomato Tree)—Of South American origin, this large pot plant bears small, fragrant, pinkish flowers which are followed by egg-shaped fruits with a tomato flavor. C-HRSM. 75 cents.

CYRTANTHUS LUTESCENS (Ifafa Lily) — Stalks of ivory-white, slender trumpets rising from a bulb which multiplies rapidly. C-HRSM. 50 cents.

CYRTANTHUS MACKENI — Similar to above but creamy yellow flowered. C-HRSM. 50 cents.

DARLINGTONIA CALIFORNICA (Cobra Plant)—Weird, Cobra-hooded hollow leaves, which Nature keeps filled with rainwater to trap insects for the plant's nourishment. C-HPS or FW. \$1.50.

DATURA SUAVEOLENS (Angel's Trumpet)—To be grown as a large pot or tub plant. Foot long, fragrant, white trumpets. HRSM. 75 cents.

DICHORISANDRA MOSAICA UNDATA (Seersucker Plant)—Low growing plant with heavily puckered silver-striped leaves. Illustrated above. HRFM. \$1.25.

DICHORISANDRA REGINAE—Erect-growing "Queen" of the Tradescantia family. Purplish-crimson leaves with silver flecks and stripes. Illustrated above. HLFM. \$1.



DICHORISANDRA REGINAE

DIEFFENBACHIA
(Dumb Cane)

These exotic, colorful, large-leaved Tropical American plants form a desirable group for the home. Extensive in range of foliage patterns and quite adaptable to modern conditions. HLFN.

We offer here, four distinctively different varieties for \$1.50 each, or all four for \$5.25.

BAUSEI—Light green leaves with dark green margins. White spotted.

DIEFFENBACHIA JENMANI—Glossy, ivory, zebra design. Leaves more narrow. Rare variety.

PICTA—Green, oval-shaped leaves, white spotted.

ROEHRSI—Creamy white leaves with green veins.

D R A C A E N A

The Dracaenas from faraway Africa make good companion plants for the Dieffenbachias, for they too have colorful foliage, but less broad, tending more toward striped, linear leaves. HLFM.

GODSEFFIANA—An exception, this species from Upper Guinea has glossy deep green, oval leaves, spotted creamy white. 75 cents.

DRACAENA MARGINATA—Brown-edged, dark green, slender leaves, very closely set around the stem. 75 cents.

SANDERIANA—From the Congo, comes this grey-green, linear-leaved plant with creamy-edged margins. The leaves radiate in all directions from the slender straight stem. 75 cents.

WARNECKI—Also from tropical Africa, comes this green and white striped foliage plant. More compact as a young plant than *Sanderiana*. \$1.75.

One each of the four *Dracaenas* for \$3.70.

DROSANTHEMUM SPECIOSUM—Slender, bluish, succulent leaves. Many reddish-orange "daisies." C-HLSM. 50 cents.

ECHEVERIA MULTICAULIS—Shiny, red and green rosettes of succulent leaves on bushy, little plants. Quite attractive. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

ECHINOPSIS HYBRIDS (Easter Lily Cactus)—A globe Cactus with unbelievably beautiful, large flowers of pink, white, and rose. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

EPIDENDRUM OBRIENIANUM (Butterfly Orchid)—Our choice for those who yearn to learn to grow Orchids. Flowers are much smaller than the huge florist type, but the long spikes of scarlet blossoms continue over long periods. Easy! C-HR or OSM. \$1.

EPIPHYLLUM HYBRIDS (Orchid Cactus)—Attach no stigma to the word "Cactus" for these flowers truly rival any Orchid. C-HRFM. Offered as unrooted cuttings or pads to be started in sand, with very little water till roots strike. No color choice. Three diff. colors for \$1.25.

EUCHARIS GRANDIFLORA (Lily of the Amazon)—A bulb needing rests between flowering periods which are several times a year. Very fragrant, large, pure white flowers. HPFMT. \$1.50.

EUPHORBIA SPLENDENS (Crown-of-Thorns)—Twisting, green leaved, thick stems that bear red flowers. Easy and long-lived. HLFN. 50 cents.

EXACUM AFFINE — Very free-blooming, branching plant with myriads of yellow-stamened, blue flowers. C-HRSM. 75 cents.

FAUCARIA TIGRINA (Tiger's Jaws) — A frequent blooming succulent with pairs of opposite, thick, toothed leaves, bearing a remarkable resemblance to gaping tiger's jaws. Yellow flowers. C-HLSN. 50 cents.



FICUS RADICANS

FICUS RADICANS VARIEGATED—Short, pointed, green and white variegated leaves on trailing stems. A fine basket plant. C-HLFM. 60 cents.

FICUS REPENS (Creeping Fig)—Small, dark green, rounded leaves arranged flat on creeping stems. Will climb, hang or crawl. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

FITTONIA ARGYRONEURA (Nerve Plant) — Trailing stems of oval, green leaves, veined white. Beautiful for foliage. HLFMT. 50 cents.

FITTONIA VERSCHAFFELTII—Similar to above but larger leaved and red veined. HLFMT. \$1.

FUCHSIA MAGELLANICA—Will winter outdoors with protection. But makes a wonderful pot plant with its slender, arching stems and dainty pendant blossoms of red and purple. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

FUCHSIA MAGELLANICA VARIEGATED—Similar to the above but the dainty green leaves are bordered with white and probably not hardy outdoors. Attractive basket plant. C-HLFM. 75 cents.

GARDENIA RADICANS—The very name is closely associated with the fragrance of the southern gardens and here we have a dwarf variety, quite suitable for pot culture. C-HRSM. 75 cents.



ASPLENIUM NIDUS-AVIS



ASPIDIUM TSUS-SIMENSE

F E R N S

In a class by themselves, Ferns are unrivalled for their graceful form, their soft, restful appearance, just as they are in the forest. What better plant for a quiet corner in your home where you can relax amid the proper atmosphere.

ADIANTUM DECORUM "Pacific Maid" (Maidenhair Fern) — Lacy, spreading fronds of delicate greenery. HRDWT. 75 cents.

ADIANTUM HISPIDULUM (Pubescens) — Dark green, branching fronds. Dwarf Maidenhair. HRDWT. 75 cents.

ADIANTUM WRIGHTI (Maidenhair Fern) — Possibly the most graceful of the Maidenhair Ferns with larger fan-shaped segments in the fronds. HRDW. 75 cents.

ASPARAGUS PLUMOSUS (Asparagus Fern) — Not a true Fern but possessing all the grace of one. Broad, horizontal, finely feathered "fronds." HRFM. 50 cents.

ASPARAGUS SPRENGERI (Asparagus Fern) — Another pretender. Slender, needle-like leaves in ferny arrangement. C-HRFM. 50 cents.

ASPIDIUM TSUS - SIMENSE — Very symmetrically shaped, stiff-leaved dwarf Fern for pots. Also ideal for terrariums. C-HRFM. 50 cents.

ASPLENIUM NIDUS - AVIS (Bird's Nest Fern) — From the branches of trees in Polynesia comes this waxy, undulate, light green, broad-leaved Fern of very unusual shape. HLFWT. \$1.

NEPHROLEPIS DUFFII — A treasure from the South Seas, this unusual Fern sends up an abundance of tall fronds which are but a mere lacy half inch in diameter. Very graceful Fern with the tips of the fronds usually forked or crested. HRFM. \$1.

PTERIS ADIANTOIDES — Medium sized Fern that is very adaptable to the house, with its smooth, leathery, frond segments. C-HRFM. 50 cents.

PTERIS ARGYRAEA (Silver Lace Fern) — Wide fronds of silver with green edges. HRFM. 50 cents.

PTERIS VICTORIAE — Similar to Silver Lace but narrower fronds and more compact. HRFM. 50 cents.

One each of the above 11 Ferns for \$6.75.



GERANIUM MRS. PARKER

GERANIUMS

Here is a family of plants so anxious to please, that they present themselves to you in nearly every possible shape, fragrance and color imaginable. Whether it be for fragrant, spicy foliage, many-colored blossoms, trailing habits, or miniature form, the Geranium is waiting to serve you. For your convenience, we have listed them in five groups—For Flower, Fancy Colored Leaves, Dwarf Types, Scented Leaves, and Unusual Species. C-HLSN.

Colored Leaf Geraniums

Good strong sun is needed to bring out the full color in their leaves. Please note that colored leaf Geraniums usually lose some of their color in shipping. They will regain it.

DISTINCTION (One-in-a-Ring)—Red-flowered, compact variety with narrow, very dark zone near the outer edge of the leaf. Quite unusual. 60 cents.

DUKE OF EDINBURGH—Formerly sold as *Madam Margot*—Trailing Ivy-leaf variety. Green and white leaf. Single pink flowers. Good hanging basket subject. 60 cents.

FRENCH LACE (Variegated Prince Rupert Lemon)—While a



GERANIUM FRENCH LACE

scented leaf type, it is far more prized as a fancy or colored leaf type. Very close set, small, ruffled leaves, each margined white. **Illustrated above.** 75 cents.

JUBILEE—Broad, red zone, maturing to chocolate on gold leaf. Single salmon flowers. 60 cents.

MADAM LANGGUTH—Silver-edged, green leaf. Double red flowers. 60 cents.

MME. SALLEROI—Dwarf, fancy leaf type. Rather a challenge for this variety has never bloomed in 100 years. But the bushy, compact growth with the silver-edged, scalloped leaves makes it invaluable as a foliage plant for sunny windows, or for summer bedding. 60 cents.

MRS. PARKER—Our choice for the most satisfactory colored leaf type. A quite compact and bushy, free-blooming and long lasting double pink. Leaves widely bordered with white. 75 cents.

SKIES OF ITALY—“Maple” shaped leaves, edged creamy white. Basic color is green but has a dark brown zone splashed with red, sometimes orange. 60 cents.

Special price for one each of the above eight plants for \$4.75.

PLASTIC POTS—The same kind we use ourselves for the tens of thousands of plants we grow. They help the soil retain moisture longer than clay pots and remain clean. These are not available by specific colors, but are mottled.

Size (Diameter)	Per 10	Per 100	Size (Diameter)	Per 10	Per 100
2¾ inch	\$.50	\$ 4.00	4 inch	\$1.00	\$9.00
3 inch	.75	7.00	6 inch	2.00	17.00

Geraniums for Flower

APPLEBLOSSOM ROSEBUD—White, suffused with pink, heavily doubled "Rosebud" blossoms. 60 cents.

CARMEL—Single white flowers with a wide edge of bright red on the petals. 60 cents.

DOUBLE NEW LIFE (Stars and Stripes). Also known as **Flag of Denmark**)—Everblooming, compact plant with close-set petals, alternating red and white. Quite unusual. 60 cents.

MAXIME KOVALEVSKY—Single, large, orange-flowered variety. 60 cents.

MONTMORT (The Blue Geranium)—Not really blue, but probably the closest to it. Large, double flowers of violet-purple that sometimes appear bluish in the fading daylight. 60 cents.

MR. WREN—Single red flowers, with wide, irregular white border. Never looks quite real. Truly, the most striking Geranium flower we have ever seen. 75 cents.

PANSY (Mrs. Loyal)—Purple and white flowers resembling Pansies, even to the very petal arrangement. 60 cents.

PEACHES AND CREAM (La France)—Large clustered, double blossoms of creamy, salmon pink. Very free-blooming. 60 cents.

RED POINSETTIA—Rather unusual bright red flowers with slender, twisted petals. 60 cents.

WILLY—Vigorous, large-leaved, trailing Ivy Geranium. Free-blooming, double, dark red. 60 cents.

One each of the above 10 varieties for only \$5.70.

Dwarf Geraniums

Excellent pot plant for sunny windows. Particularly for those with limited space. They will bloom when only several inches high, frequently with flower clusters as large as the plant itself.

ALDABARAN—Single, salmon pink flowers. \$1.

ARCTURUS—Double, dark red flowers. Dark-zoned leaf. \$1.

BLACK VESUVIUS—Single red flowers. Dark leaf with even darker zone. \$1.25.

CAPELLA—Double, light red flowers. Free-blooming. \$1.

KIFFA—Double, light pink. \$1.

LITTLE DARLING—Very free-blooming. Clusters of deep, rich, single pink blossoms, elfin size. 60 cents.

MILKY WAY—Practically ever-blooming with single, pure white blossoms. 75 cents.

PYGMY—Double red flowers with very narrow petals. Very bushy growth. 75 cents.

SCARLET O'HARA—Slow growing semi-dwarf. Striking clusters of large, scarlet flowers. 75 cents.

TINY TIM—Our experience has shown this to be the most dwarf of any we have ever grown. Two-year-old plants are never but two or three inches high, although quite bushy. Always very small-leaved, and well zoned. Single red flowers. \$1.

One each of the above 10 plants for \$8.50.

Scented Leaf Geraniums

Even on the bleakest Winter's day, with a window-sill of scented Geraniums, a rub of a leaf, a bit of imagination, and one can be transposed to a Summer Rose Garden, or a spot under their favorite apple tree.

APPLE-SCENTED—Strong enough to make one wonder just what variety. **CALIFORNIA ROSE**—Leaves deeply lobed and the fragrance unmistakable.

DR. LIVINGSTON (Skeleton Leaf)—Deeply cut leaves with a lemon scent. **FERN LEAF (Pine Scented)**—Very finely cut, lacy leaves.

LADY PLYMOUTH—Compact, rose scented Geranium with white-edged leaves.

NUTMEG—Silvery grey, ruffled leaves.

OAK LEAF—Dark green leaves with even darker veins, in oak leaf shape. Pungent scent. Pink flowered.

PEPPERMINT—Large, lobed, velvety green leaves. A beauty.

PRINCE RUPERT LEMON—Small, close-set, crimped leaves. Very aromatic.

SNOWFLAKE—Round, bright green leaves, heavily flecked with “snow.” Quite different.

Other varieties of “scented” available:

CAMPHOR	PINE
LIME	GINGER
FILBERT	

There is a uniform price of 50 cents each on the scented **Geraniums**. Or a complete collection of the 15 varieties for \$6.75.

Unusual Geraniums

ASCETOSUM—Willow stems of succulent, green, scalloped leaves. Slender-petaled, pink flowers. 50 cents.

ECHINATUM (Sweetheart Geranium)—Thorny, cactus-stemmed species with possibly the most beautiful of all Geranium flowers. Loose clusters of small, single, white flowers. Petals blotched with reddish-purple. 75 cents.

GIBBOSUM (Knotted Storksbill)—Stems swollen at each joint. Grey-green, succulent foliage. Evening scent. Yellow flowers. 50 cents.

RENIFORME—Dense, velvety, grey-green foliage. Dainty, small, lavender blooms. 50 cents.

SCANDENS—Climbing Geranium with round, crenate-edged leaves. Maroon flowers. 50 cents.

TETRAGONUM—Climbing, jointed, succulent stems. Small, sparse leaves. Blooms rose and white. 50 cents.

GERBERA HYBRIDS (Transvaal Daisy)—Long, slender-petaled flowers that cover the spectrum but for the blues and related shades. Possibly the choicest of all “Daisy” flowers. Long lasting and fine for cutting. C-HLSM. \$1.

GRAPTOPETALUM PARAGUAYENSE (Mother-of-Pearl-Plant)—Thick, pearly rosettes of leaves. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

GREIGIA SPHACELATA—Long rosettes of spiny-edged, green leaves. Dense, axillary heads of rose colored flowers. A Bromeliad. HR or OFN. \$1.

GYNURA AURANTIACA (Purple Velvet Plant)—The green leaves and stems of this beauty are overlain with close-set short purple hairs, giving it a beautiful cast. HLSM. 50 cents.

GESNERIACEAE

This is the plant family in which the Saintpaulia, better known as the African Violet, originated. Undoubtedly, there are many beautiful Gesneriads which the plant explorer has yet to pry from their jungle homes or wherever they may be hiding in the Tropics. But many African Violet relatives have been brought back and while generally, little known, do merit their place in the window gardener’s heart.

AESCHYNANTHUS LOBBIANUM (Trichosporum)—Trailing waxy-leaved plant with scarlet flowers which develop slowly from long purple calyces. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

ALLOPLECTUS CAPITATUS—Tall growing plant with large velvety green leaves. Flowers imbedded in showy red bracts in clusters. HRFMT. \$2.

Columnneas

These are New World jungle plants and the trailing types are quite suited to hanging baskets. They are considered epiphytic but we grow them all in soil and have no difficulty if it is porous and well drained. All are trailing varieties unless otherwise noted. HRFMT.

ALLENI—Very small, opposite leaves on dainty, long, trailing stems. Large red flowers. \$1.

ARGUTA—Small, quite pointed, deep green leaves. Quite unusual. \$1.

BANKSII HYB.—Orange flowers. Small spear-shaped leaves. \$1.

GLORIOSA X SPLENDENS—Trailing stems with narrow, soft, green leaves. Large, dark orange, tubular flowers with brown markings. \$1.

HIRTA—Green stems with red hairs. Vermilion flowers. \$1.

LEPIDOCAULA—Upright, shrubby growth. Yellow-throated, scarlet flowers. \$1.

LINEARIS—Narrow leaves. Pink flowers. \$1.

MICROPHYLLA (Diminutifolia)—Tiny, round-leaved variety but large orange-scarlet flowers. \$1.

SANGUINEA—Large, opposite, hairy green leaves. Apparently a heavy climber or trailer. \$1.

SCHIEDEANA — Long spear-shaped leaves. Will hang or climb. Orange and brown flowers. \$1.

SCHIEDEANA (compact form) — As above but quite compact and can be grown as a bushy plant. \$1.25.

STENOPHYLLA — Long linear leaves. Has not bloomed yet. New. \$1.25.

COLUMNEA TULAE-FLAVA — Short, oval, green leaves. Yellow, tubular flowers followed by round, pure white berries. \$1.

VEDRARENSIS — Hyb. of magnifica and Schiedeana. Small, oval leaves. Upright type. No flowers yet. \$1.

One each of the above 14 varieties for only \$10. Or, your choice of any five of the dollar varieties for \$4.50.

Episcias

These are grown for the bicolored leaves and the graceful, trailing habit, accentuated by the many runners and plantlets that develop on the parent plant. They make wonderful hanging basket plants. HRFMT.

ACAJOU — Mahogany leaf, broadly veined silver. Red flowered. 75 cents.

CANAL ZONE SPECIES — These vary in leaf patterns with some distinctively different leaf types. Flowers vary from red to yellow and bicolors of the two. Evidently some research is in order, for here at the greenhouses the same plant may run the gamut of the above colors in successive bloomings. Possibly due to environmental factors. Under the circumstances, no color choice. Sold as mixed only. \$1.

CHOCOLATE SOLDIER — Very dark chocolate leaf with narrow silver midrib. Red flowers. 75 cents.

CHONTALENSIS — Small, narrow, green leaves. Light silver veins. Blue flowers. 75 cents.

CUPREATA — Beautiful, thick, hairy, coppery leaf. Red flowers. 75 cents.

DIANTHIFLORA — Small, velvety-green leaves. Quite charming, even without the large, pure white, fringed flowers it bears. \$1.

FANNY HAAGE — Beautiful green leaves, lightly veined silver. Large, blue flowers. 75 cents.

FROSTY — Silvery haired, emerald leaves, broadly veined silver. Red flowers. 75 cents.

LILACINA CUPREA — This choice form of lilacina was discovered in a river gorge in Costa Rica. Large blue flowers and very dark chocolate, soft-downy leaves. Choice! \$1.

PUNCTATA — Fringed white flowers with red spots. Rugged plant with woody stems. \$1.

REPTANS (Fulgida or coccinea) — “Flame Violet” is the common name for this variety, although it could be applied to others as well. Brown leaves with prominently defined silver veins. Red flowers. 75 cents.

SAN LORENZO — Discovered near old Fort San Lorenzo in Panama, this rather dwarf or compact variety has downy, chocolate colored leaves offset by the white flowers. \$1.

SILVER SHEEN — One of the most popular of the better known varieties. Bright silver leaves with irregularly darkened margins. Red flowered. 75 cents.

VARIEGATA (Splendens) — Similar to Frosty but smooth-leaved. Red flowered. 75 cents.

One each of the 14 Episcias for \$10.

KOHLERIA AMABILE (Isoloma amabile) — Silvery green, downy leaves with brown veining. Nearly everblooming when older, with spikes of delicate rose colored “bells.” Good basket plant. C-HRFM. \$1.

KOHLERIA HIRSUTUM (Isoloma hirsutum) — Upright grower with brown-edged, fuzzy green leaves. Typical Kohleria-shaped flowers, in red. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

KOHLERIA LINDENIANA (Gesneria Lindeni) — Narrowly silver veined, emerald green leaves. Lavender blotched, white flowers in constant profusion. Recommended. C-HRFM. \$1.

KOHLERIA SCIADOTYDEA (Tydea) — Upright growing plant with fuzzy green leaves and free-blooming purple flowers. C-HRFM. 75 cents.

MITRARIA COCCINEA — Willowy, small-leaved, weeping shrub which

bears drooping clusters of long scarlet flowers. (Winter-hardy in milder sections of the country.) C-HRFM. \$1.25.

NAUTILICALYX BULLATUS (*Episcia tessellata*)—Similar growth habits to the above species; leaves are large, oval, and pebbly, though glossy. Creamy yellow flowers. HRFMT. \$1.

NAUTILICALYX FORGETII—Spear-shaped, oval leaves of light green, with chocolate “herringbones” on each. Yellow flowers. HRFMT. New. \$1.25.

NAUTILICALYX LYNCHII—Gorgeous, glistening, smooth dark olive green leaves which radiate from the straight stems in spear-shaped form. Undersides reddish purple. An outstanding foliage plant, not to mention the attractive creamy flowers. HRFM. \$1.

One each of the three *Nautilocalyx* for \$3.

RECHSTEINERIA CARDINALIS (*Cardinal Flower*)—Large, velvety green leaves. Radiating, terminal clusters of long, brilliant red, tubular flowers. A seldom dormant bulb. C-HRFM. \$1.

RECHSTEINERIA MACROPODA—Large, oval leaves. Orange flowers. Bulb, as above. C-HRFM. \$1.

RECHSTEINERIA WARSCEWICZI—Slender-leaved plant with gorgeous, golden orange, tubular blossoms. C-HRFM. \$1.25.

SMITHIANTHA CINNABARINA (*Naegelia*)—The common name for *Smithiantha* is “Temple Bells.” Strikingly beautiful, large, maroon, plush leaves. Spires of red, pendant bells. HRFM. \$1.

SMITHIANTHA DWARF GERMAN HYBRIDS—On these, the plants are quite compact, but the leaves have indescribably beautiful purple and green patterns and veining. Flowers vary from cream, pink, orange to red, etc. HRFM. \$1.

SMITHIANTHA HYBRIDA COMPACTA—As above, but makes a larger plant. HRFM. \$1.

STREPTOCARPUS REXII (*Didymocarpus*)—Flat, straplike leaves from which rise slender stems of blue, tubular flowers year 'round. C-HRFM. \$1.

HARRISIA MARTINII—Free-branching, climbing Cactus. Large, showy, night-blooming, funnellform flowers of white, or tinged pink. C-HLSN. \$1.

HELXINE SOLIEROLI (*Babies Tears*)—Multitudes of tiny, round leaves on straying stems. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

HEMIGRAPHIS COLORATA (*Red Flame Ivy*)—Shiny leaved, trailing plant. Leaves are silver in the shade, suffusing to reddish purple in the sun. Clusters of tubular, white flowers. C-HLFM. 60 cents.

HIBISCUS ROSA-SINENSIS

Large flowered, tender varieties for pots. C-HLSM.

CROWN OF BOHEMIA—Rich double yellow. 75 cents.

KONA—Pure, double pink. 75 cents.

LAMBERTI—Bright, double red. 75 cents.

HIBISCUS VARIEGATED—There are many variegated forms of plants, of course, but we think this to be one of the most outstanding. Slower growing and more compact than the above varieties, the gorgeous green, white and pink splashed leaves make the red flowers superfluous. \$1.25.

HOFFMANNIA GHIESBREGHTII—Erect plant with long, arching, satiny, green leaves, white veined. Rare foliage plant. HRFMT. \$1.50.

HOMOCLADIUM PLATYCLADIUM (*Ribbon Bush*)—Flat, green, ribbon-like stems with shield-shaped leaves. Odd from top to bottom. C or C-HLFM. 50 cents.

HOYA CARNOSA (*Wax Plant*)—Thick, waxy-leaved vine. The sprays of pink-tinted white blossoms never seem quite real but their fragrance is unmistakable. C-HLFN. 65 cents.

HYPOESTIS SANGUINOLENTA (*Pink Polkadot Plant*)—Bushy plant with pink-spotted leaves. C-HRFM. 50 cents.

IMPATIENS RADIANCE—Branching plants with olive green leaves. Ever-blooming reddish orange flowers. C-HLFM. 50 cents.



IXORA COCCINEA

IMPATIENS "SCARLET BABY"

—Dwarf, dark-leaved variety (6 inches tall). Free-flowering scarlet. C-HLFM. 65 cents.

IMPATIENS VARIEGATED—Pink flowered variety with white-edged leaves. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

IPOMEA TUBEROSA (Wood Rose)—Large pot plant. A vine with attractive digitate leaves. The yellow flowers are surrounded by woody brown sepals used in dried arrangements. HLSM. \$1.

IRELINE HERBSTI (Blood Leaf)

—Bright red leaves. Fine pot plant or Summer bedder. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

IRELINE RETICULATA—Green and gold leaves with red stems. Use as above. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

IXORA COCCINEA—Bushy pot plant with upfacing clusters of vivid red flowers. HLSM. 75 cents.

JACOBINEA CARNEA (King's Crown)—Large, thick spikes of crowded, pink flowers, each curving outward to give the plant its common name. Unrivalled beauty of form and color. HLFM. 75 cents.

JACOBINEA SUBERECTA—Dense clusters of orange-red, tubular blossoms over very velvety, light green leaves. HLFM. 75 cents.



GLACIER IVY

IVIES

Graceful, climbing or trailing vines. Whichever you desire. Fine for spots without much sun. C-HLF or DM.

FAN—Fan shaped leaves.

GLACIER—Small leaved Ivy with narrow white edge.

GOLD DUST—Yellow speckled leaves.

GREEN RIPPLES—Deeply cut, sharp pointed lobes. A fine variety.

HEART—Heart-shaped leaves.

HELVETICA—Shield-like leaves, white-veined.

MADEIRA—Large, dark green leaves with white borders.

MARbled—White splashed, green leaves.

CISSUS RHOMBIFOLIA (Grape Ivy)—Not a true Ivy but this trifoliate leaved vine is of easy culture.

RUFFLED—Wavy leaves.

TRILOBE—Three-pointed and white-veined.

A uniform price of 40 cents each.

The number of Ivy varieties developed to date is considerable. But we offer here a good representative collection of what is probably the easiest group of house plants to grow.

One each of the above 11 Ivies for \$4.

PLASTIC PLANTERS—For the artistic, who wish to arrange and plant their own planters we offer durable 3½ inches wide by 6 inches long, beautiful, glossy, fluted planters, for only 50 cents; 3 for \$1.40. Color choice of red, white, green or yellow.

KALANCHOE

A very durable and variable group of succulent pot plants, of easy culture. C-HLSN.

BLOSSFELDIANA—Similar to Tom Thumb, but taller growing. 50 cents.

FEDTSCHENKOE—Bluish, scalloped leaves, tinting red on the margins. Pendant, orange bell-like flowers. 50 cents.

MARMORATA—Spoon-shaped leaves purple spotted on both sides. Tubular, white flowers. 50 cents.

SOMALIENSIS—Green, toothed leaves. Three inch, white, tubular flowers. 50 cents.

TOMENTOSA (Panda Plant)—Light grey, felted leaves, brown stitched on the edges. 50 cents.

TOM THUMB—Dwarf, bushy plant. Bright red flower clusters in Winter. 50 cents.

UNIFLORA—Unusual, small-leaved, trailing species with pretty pink flowers. 50 cents.

VERTICILLATA—Abundance of long, slender, pencil-like leaves, dark spotted, on tall slender stems. Many light red flowers. Unusual! 50 cents.

KLEINIA ARTICULATA (Candle Plant)—Light blue, cylindrical, sectional, jointed stems. Deeply lobed leaves on top. Odd. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

KLEINIA MANDRALISCAE (Blue Chalk Sticks)—Long, rounded leaves, covered with pale bluish chalk, on upright stems. Showy! C-HLSN. 50 cents.

LANTANA

An excellent everblooming pot plant for sunny windows in Winter, as well as a good bedding plant for Summer. Globular heads of dense florets in wide color range. C-HLSN.

GOLDEN KING—Golden yellow. 50 cents.

LILAC PINK—Yellow-centered lilac. 50 cents.

MONTEVIDIENSIS—Trailing variety. Lavender. 50 cents.

RADIATION—Yellow to reddish orange. 50 cents.

WHITE—Self descriptive. 50 cents.

One plant each of above five varieties for \$2.15.

LAMPRANTHUS EMARGINATUS—Thick, narrow leaves of light green on slightly weeping branches. Violet daisy-like flowers. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

LEONOTIS LEONURUS (Lion's Tail)—Large pot plant with spikes of successive whorls of long, showy, orange-red, furry flowers. C-HLSM. 65 cents.

LIPPIA CITRIODORA (Lemon Verbena)—Bushy plant with fragrant, lemon-scented leaves. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

LOTUS BERTHELOTTI (Winged Pea)—Trailing or hanging stems with dense, silvery, ferny foliage effect. Odd, red, parrot's beak flowers. CLSN. 50 cents.

LOTUS MASCAENSIS—Small, narrow, radiating clusters of velvety, silver leaves. Low, bushy growth. Yellow flowers. C-HLSN. 90 cents.

MAHERNIA VERTICILLATA (Honey Bells)—Trailing stems of ferny foliage. Very fragrant clusters of small golden bells. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

MANETTIA BICOLOR (Firecracker Vine)—Yellow-tipped, red, tubular flowers pop out at every leaf axil of this twining, small-leaved vine. Free-blooming. Good basket plant. HLSM. 50 cents.

MARANTA - KERCHOVEANA (Prayer Plant)—So named for its habit of folding up its leaves tight together at night. The large, oval, rich green leaves are spattered with chocolate spots, giving rise to its other name "Rabbit Tracks." HRFM. 60 cents.

MARANTA MASSANGEANA—A newer variety of Prayer Plant similar to above, but with a distinctively different and beautiful leaf pattern, with raised silver veins. HRFM. \$1.

MARICA GRACILIS (Apostle Plant)—Tall Iris-like foliage which splits open to allow the blue and white flowers to push forth. Plantlets form on the old flower head and their gradually increasing weight arches the leaf blade downward seeking a home for its progeny. Ideal for baskets. C-HLFM. 75 cents.

MAURANDIA ERUBESCENS — Quick and easy vine with attractive rose colored trumpet-flowers. Erroneously offered of late as a "Creeping Gloxinia." C-HLSM. 75 cents.

MAURANDIA GRANDIFLORA — Much branching, slender-stemmed vine, constantly covered with bright blue, tubular flowers. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

MUEHLENBECKIA AXILLARIS (Wire Plant) — Very slender, wiry stems that twine in and out amongst themselves. Tiny leaves. A good basket plant. Also hardy in warm sections. CLSN. 50 cents.

MYRSIPHYLLUM ASPARAGOIDES (Smilax) — This is the Smilax of the florists. A dainty, fine-leaved matting vine highly recommended for hanging baskets. C-HRFM. 60 cents.

MYRTUS COMMUNIS var. VARIEGATA (Variegated Myrtle) — This is the classic Myrtle of the Old World, with fragrant, evergreen foliage. A creamy-edged leaf form. C-HLSN. 75 cents.

NEANTHE BELLA — Dwarf Palm. Fine for dish gardens or pot culture. HLFM. 50 cents.

OLEANDER MRS. ROEDING — Excellent pot plant variety of the southern Oleander. Double pink blossoms. Attractive foliage. C-HLSM. 90 cents.

OXALIS CRASSIPES — Evergreen and everblooming, pink-flowered variety. Fine in hanging baskets. Also winter-hardy. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

OXALIS MELANIOSTICA — Rosettes of soft hairy, grey-green trifoliate leaves. Bright yellow flowers. Fall and Winter. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

OXALIS ORTGIESI — Upright, branching plant. Typically trifoliate leaved but dark green above and maroon undersides. Everblooming clusters of yellow flowers. Evergreen. C-HRFM. 50 cents.

OXALIS PEDUNCULARIS — Upright, succulent, light green foliaged, evergreen species. Golden orange flowers. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

OXALIS RUBRA ALBA — Stemless type with wedge-shaped trifoliate leaves. Near everblooming white flowered variety. C-HLSM. 50 cents.



PASSIFLORA TRIFASCIATA

PASSION FLOWER VINES

Tendriled, climbing vines, usually with three-lobed leaves. Very showy, large blossoms.

COERULEA — Handsome blue flowered variety. C-HRFM. \$1.

EDULIS (Purple Grenadilla) — Purple and white flowered. Make edible fruits. HRFM. \$1.

INCARNATA — Blue and white flowers. Edible fruits. Winter hardy to Philadelphia. C-HRFM. \$1.

MOLLISSIMA — Graceful, free-branching species with pink flowers. C-HRFM. \$1.25.

TRIFASCIATA — Medium sized, fragrant, creamy yellow blossoms. The mid-ribs of each of the three lobes of the leaves are banded with rosy purple, eventually maturing to silver. A very beautiful species from Brazil. HRFM. \$1.25.

One each of the above five varieties for \$5.

PANDANUS VEITCHI — Old-fashioned, "indestructible" foliage plant. Makes large specimens. Long, raspy, white-edged leaves fanning out in all directions. C-HLFN. 75 cents.

PELLIONIA DAVEAUANA — Trailing stems to two feet with close-set pairs of frosty, silvered leaves, irregularly bronze edged. Fine, graceful, basket plant. HLFM. 50 cents.

PELLIONIA PULCHRA — And a beautiful plant it is with its trailing stems of black-nerved, light green, oval leaves. HLFM. 50 cents.

PENTAS LANCEOLATA — Broad, upfacing clusters of pink, white or red flowers, on bushy plants. C-HLSM. Color choice 75 cents, or one of each for \$2.10.

PEPEROMIAS

This is a rather variable genus of plants, mostly somewhat succulent in nature and quite suitable as house plants. Rather low growing. HLFN.

BLACKIE—Low growing foliage rosettes of near black, glossy leaves. 60 cents.

BLANDA — Small, dark, rounded leaves. 50 cents.

EMERALD RIPPLE — Rich green, foliage rosettes of striking, heavily puckered leaf surfaces. 60 cents.

hederifolia—Glossy, dark veined silver leaves. Quite rounded. 50 cents.

OBTUSIFOLIA (Pepper Face) — Heavy, glossy green leaves on erect stems. 50 cents.

OBTUSIFOLIA VARIEGATED (Variegated Pepper Face)—Similar to above, but heavily variegated with creamy yellow. 50 cents.

PERICATTII — Thick, green, peltate leaves on erect stems. Unusual, as are all peltate-leaved plants. 60 cents.

ROYAL GOLD—Trailing stems with gold-edged, green heart-shaped leaves. 50 cents.

RUBELLA — A delightful, bushy miniature Peperomia with red stems and dainty, often silver-veined leaves. Tiny green flower spathes rise up all over the plant like little green candles. 50 cents.

SANDERSI (Watermelon Begonia)—Unusual, green and silver striped, heart shaped leaves. 50 cents.

SCANDENS — Green, heart-shaped leaves on straying stems. 50 cents.

SILVER HEART — Long-pointed heart-shaped, silver leaves, lightly veined green. 60 cents.

One each of the above 12 plants for \$6.

PHILODENDRON

We offer here, selections from a variable group of very adaptable house plants requiring little care or sunlight. Very exotic and tropical in appearance, these plants can be trained to grow on bark, further enhancing their appeal if so desired. HLFM, except as noted.

ANDREANUM var. MELANOCHRYSUM (Black Gold)—This variety has been called the “Queen of Philodendrons.” While a vine type, the dark green leaves get rather large, and are broadly arrow-shaped with a velvety iridescence and ivory veins. Recommended for bark or totem poles. HR-FMT. \$2.

CORDATUM—The common heart-leaved vine type. Very durable. 45 cents.

(MONSTERA) FRIEDRICHSTAHLI (Lace Leaf Monstera)—Quick growing vine type to be prized for its long leaves which are not “slashed” but are actually perforated on both sides of the center vein in various size holes. Most showy on bark. \$2.

HASTATUM—Large, glossy, arrow-shaped leaves. \$1.25.

MICANS (Velvet Leaf Philo.)—Small, velvety, heart-shaped leaves. Dark green, but showing through pinkish from the backs of new leaves. Very desirable. 65 cents.

PANDURAEFORME (Fiddle Leaf)—Large, fiddle-shaped leaves of olive green. \$1.

SELLOUM—A rugged self-heading variety. (Does not vine.) Large, deeply cut leaves. Makes fine specimens and can stand very low temperatures and sunlight. \$1.

SODIROI—From the jungles of Colombia comes this rare, heart-shaped, silver leaf variety. Leaves are irregularly veined with light green. \$1.

A fine collection of one each of the above eight varieties for only \$8.50.

HANGING BASKETS—Made of strong wire, sturdily built and painted green. We have indicated many plants throughout the catalog that would do well in hanging baskets. In fact, most any plant with trailing tendencies is suitable. 10 inch diameter, \$1 each. 14 inch diameter, \$1.25.



PILEA SPRUCEANA

PILEA CADIERI (Aluminum Plant)—Green veined, with raised, silvery leaf surfaces. HRFM. 50 cents.

PILEA MICROPHYLLA (Artillery Plant) — Ferny foliage. Tiny flowers puff out pollen when touched. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

PILEA NUMMULARIAEFOLIA (Creeping Charlie)—Close-set, tiny, crenate leaves on creeping stems. Fine for dish gardens. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

PILEA SERPYLLIFOLIA—Like *P. Microphylla*, but leaves are even tinier. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

PILEA SPRUCEANA (Panamiga) —Dark, glossy green leaves, almost black. Clusters of minute flowers are seemingly born right on the leaves. HRFM. Illustrated above. 50 cents.

One each of the five listed *Pileas* for \$2.25.

PLEIOSTACHYS PRUINOSUM—Long tapered, dark green leaves, lavender backed. Slightly raised veins. A very stately foliage plant. Highly recommended. HRDM. \$1.50.

PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS — Blue flower clusters. Near everblooming, semi-viny plant. C-HRSM. 65 cents.

PLUMBAGO CAPENSIS WHITE —White form of the above. C-HRSM. 75 cents.

PODOCARPUS — Very symmetrical plant, with glossy green, needle-like leaves rather whorled around the stem. For foliage. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

PORTULACARIA AFRA (Ele-

phant Bush) — Rugged, brown-stemmed plant from South Africa, with tiny, thick, green leaves. Foliage plant. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

POTHOS MARBLE QUEEN — Green streaked, white leaves. Choice trailer. HRFN. 75 cents.

POTHOS WILCOXI (Devil's Ivy) —Thick, green leaves, yellow splotted. Trailer. HLSN. 50 cents.

PUNICA GRANATUM NANUM "CHICO" (Dwarf Carnation Pomegranate)—Bushy plant with very doubled, red flowers like Carnations. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

REHMANNIA ANGULATA—Gloxinia-shaped flowers, but smaller, in bright lavender, with yellow throats. Spotted red. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

REINWARDTIA TRYGNA (Yellow Flax)—We call them "Yellow Petunias" for their flower shape. But actually they are related to Flax. Winter-blooming! The short-lived blossoms are followed in such profuse succession, one fears for their welfare. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

RHOEO DISCOLOR (Moses in the Cradle) — Dark green rosettes of pointed leaves, undersides purple. Flowers white, nearly concealed by two boat-shaped bracts. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

ROSA ROULETTI—Miniature Rose which blooms when only a few inches high. Double pink. Excellent house plant, blooms numerous times throughout the year. Also hardy in the garden. C-HRSM. 75 cents.

ROSE "OAKINGTON RUBY"—A good companion miniature to the above. Double red flowered. C-HRSM. 75 cents.

ROSEMARINUS OFFICINALIS (Rosemary) — Fragrant-leaved herb. Attractive foliage. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

SALVIA TRICOLOR—A variegated form of the herb "Sage." Grey-green leaves variegated with white and pink. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

We might mention that we have many new plants under propagation for future catalogs, including some rare Bromeliads.



MINIATURE ROSE
SARRACENIA
 (Pitcher Plant)

So-called carnivorous plants because of the hollow, water-filled leaves or "pitchers" which are a trap for the unwary insect seeking a drink. Downward pointing hairs on the lip of the "pitcher" make it an unreturnable, one-way trip. Winter-hardy, but pot culture as well. C-HPSW. (See also, Darlingtonia.)

FLAVA—Tall "pitchers." Yellow flowers. 75 cents.

PURPUREA—Procumbent "pitchers," green with purple veins. Completely purple when grown in the sun. Large, pendant maroon flowers. 75 cents.

RUBRA—Low growing, erect "pitchers." Crimson flowers. 75 cents.

One each of the above three plants for \$2.15.

SAXIFRAGA SARMENTOSA (Strawberry Geranium)—Basal rosettes of roundish, toothed leaves, green but silver veined. Plantlets form on slender runners. Fine for vase or basket. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

SAXIFRAGA SARMENTOSA "MAGIC CARPET"—Green, cream, and pink patterned leaf variety. C-HLFM. \$1.

SCHIZMATOGLOTTIS ROEBELII — Broad-leaved upright foliage plant. Silver leaves, edged with green and wavy green center line. HLFM. \$1.50.

SCHIZOCENTRON ELEGANS (Spanish Shawl) — Delightful tiny leaved creeper from Mexico. Rosy-purple, one-inch blossoms. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

SEDUM MORGANIANUM (Burro's Tail) — Perfect, hanging basket plant. Small, thick, pointed, bluish-green leaves, densely set on long hanging stems. Yellow flowered. C-HLS or FN. Young plants. 50 cents.

SELAGINELLA BROWNII (Scotch Moss)—Compact, fluffy, little green mounds of foliage. Excellent for terrariums, in particular. HRFMT. 50 cents.

SELAGINELLA LEPIDOPHYLLA (Resurrection Plant) — This is shipped dry as an amazingly lifeless, brown ball of curled up fronds. Yet, put it in water and in a short time it will uncurl and become a rich green, fernlike plant. Dried again, it will keep for years. 50 cents.

SELENICEREUS MACDONALDIAE (Queen of the Night)—A tremendous flowered Night Blooming Cereus from Argentina. The pure white flowers are 12 inches or more across. A slender-stemmed climber. C-HLSN. We offer unrooted cuttings, to be rooted in not too moist sand, at 60 cents; 3 for \$1.60.

SENECIO CONFUSUS (Orange Glow Vine) — Clusters of orange-red flowers. Thick, toothed, green leaves. Winter blooming. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

SERRISIA FOETIDA VARIEGATED — Like a miniature Boxwood with cream-edged leaves. C-HLSM. 50 cents.

SETCREASIA PURPUREA (Purple Heart) — Rich purple-leaved and stemmed plant of trailing habit, similar to Tradescantia. But larger proportions. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

SPATHIPHYLLUM CANNAE-FOLIUM — Quite similar in appearance to Anthuriums. But the large, white flowers are fragrant. Easy and free-blooming. HLFM. \$2.25.

SPIRONEMA FRAGRANS—Thick-leaved, green rosettes that are lightly brushed with lavender, from which long runners develop to bear new plantlets.

Clusters of small, white, fragrant flowers. Ideal hanging basket plant. C-HLFN. 75 cents.

STAPELIA GIGANTEA (Zulu Giants)—Deeply ribbed, velvety green “columns.” Creamy, maroon-barred, star-shaped flowers up to 18 inches across. Outstanding! C-HLSN. 50 cents.

STAPELIA HIRSUTA (Starfish Flower)—One of the free-blooming succulents. Large, maroon, star-shaped flowers with creamy, narrow circular lines. Flowers covered with pale purple hairs. C-HLSN. 50 cents.

STRELITZIA REGINAE (Bird-of-Paradise)—One of the most exotic-flowered plants known. Flowers are actually shaped like birds’ heads in a brilliant color combination of blue, yellow and purple. C-HLSN. We offer plants four to six inches high with four to six leaves. Not yet blooming size. \$1 each; 3 for \$2.75.

STREPTOSOLEN JAMESONI (Orange Browallia)—Winter and spring-blooming orange flowered, bushy plant. HLFM. 50 cents.

STROBILANTHES DYERIANUS—Iridescent purple leaves with green edge and green veins. A striking plant from Burma. HRFM. 75 cents.

STROBILANTHES ISOPHYLLUS—Bushy plant with slender, green leaves. Covered with blue, tubular flowers in Winter. HRSM. 65 cents.

TECOMA GARROCHA—Willowy plant that bears large panicles of trumpet-shaped flowers of scarlet and yellow. HRSM. 75 cents.

TETRANEMA MEXICANUM (Mexican Foxglove)—Miniature plant with everblooming clusters of rosy-violet, dainty blossoms over glossy, leathery, green leaves. HRFM. 75 cents.

THUNBERGIA ALATA (Clock-Vine)—Vine with purple-throated, creamy flowers. For greenhouse rather than house. C-HLSM. 60 cents.

TIBOUCHINA ELEGANS (Princess Flower)—Bushy plant with green leaves, maturing to red. Large, velvety purple flowers. C-HLSM. 75 cents.

TIBOUCHINA BICOLOR—Rare Brazilian species with finely haired leaves. Has not bloomed for us yet. C-HLSM. \$1.

TILLANDSIA USNEOIDES (Spanish Moss)—Epiphytic Bromeliad famous for its festooning the trees in the South. Makes masses of slender filament-like stems of silvery grey. Decorative in greenhouses. Don’t plant it. Hang it! Keep damp and humid. 50 cents.

TOLMIEA MENZIESII (Piggy-Back Plant or Mother-of-Thousands)—Basal, toothed leaves on which new plants are formed. C or C-HLSM. 50 cents.

TRADESCANTIA BLOSSFELDIANA (Flowering Inch Plant)—A fine variety grown for the many clusters of pinkish lavender, three-petaled blossoms. Thick green leaves, purple backed. C-HLFN. 50 cents.

TRADESCANTIA MIXED (Wandering Jew)—Trailing plants, mostly with striped leaves, in green, silver, purple, yellow, etc. C-HLFN. 3 diff.—\$1.

TULBAGHIA VIOLACEA—Tall umbels of bright violet, star-shaped flowers. Near everblooming when pot-bound. C or C-HLSM. 75 cents.

VERBENA PERUVIAN FLAME—Brilliant red flower clusters in profusion. Everblooming pot plant with trailing stems. As a Summer bedder, makes dense carpets. C or C-HLSN. 50 cents.

ZINGIBER OFFINALIS (True Ginger)—From Pacific Isles comes this spicy, foliage plant with long, dark green leaves in Palm-like effect. Easy to grow. HLS or FM. 50 cents.

ZYGOCACTUS TRUNCATUS (Christmas Cactus)—Much-branching plant with spineless, flat, jointed leaves. Lovely pink flowers in Winter. C-HLFM. 50 cents.

HOUSE PLANT COLLECTION—From the 400-500 varieties in the catalog, we would be pleased to send you a collection of our choice, of one each of 10 kinds for \$5, the individual list prices totalling far more than through this “Special Collection Offer.” Or, one each of 15 varieties for \$7.

BULBS FOR POT CULTURE

There is always a certain fascination about planting a seemingly lifeless bulb and watching it sprout and grow into a beautiful plant. We offer here the most popular bulbs for pot culture and a few of the unusual as well. A culture sheet is sent with each order. Please note that the following bulbs and tubers do not all ripen at the same time. For this reason, bulb orders will not be shipped till from late Fall on till late Spring. But you may be sure we will send your order as soon as practical.

These will not be shipped in combination with live plant orders. Hence, there is a \$2. minimum plus 25c postage and handling for all orders from this page.

ACHIMENES—Cousin to the African Violet, this charmer comes in a wide range of flower colors. Similar in appearance to the Gloxinia, but smaller. But, what the flower lacks in size is made up for by its profuseness throughout the summer. Plant when received.

1 each of 7 diff. varieties.....	\$.75
3 each of the 7 varieties.....	2.10
1 each of 12 different.....	1.25
3 each of the 12 varieties.....	3.50

Add 5 cents extra for each kind if variety names are desired.

AMARYLLIS GIANT FLOWERED HYBRIDS—Large, broad trumpets, recurved at the petal edges. Solid colors in white, orange, red, salmon and varying even to candy stripes. Blooming time February-May. No color choice. 75 cents; 3 for \$2.

BEGONIAS (Tuberous) — Double Camellia-flowered. Blooming period is the entire Summer. Mixed colors, 3 for \$1; 10 for \$3. Color choice of white, red, yellow, pink, orange or salmon, with labels, 5 cents extra per tuber.

BEGONIA EVANSIANA — Pink flowered species, with red-banded stems. Summer blooming. This variety can be wintered over outdoors if planted in a protected or sheltered place. Should naturalize in a wooded spot. 50 cents; 3 for \$1.40; 10 for \$4.

BEGONIA MARTIANA (Hollyhock Begonia)—Large, single flowers of mallow pink on long stems in Hollyhock fashion in Summer. Unique among Begonias. 50 cents; 3 for \$1.40; 10 for \$4.

BEGONIA PENDULA (Lloydii) — An excellent hanging basket type of free-flowering Begonia for Summer. Mixed colors, 3 for \$1; 10 for \$3. Color choice of red, rose, white, yellow or orange with labels, 5 cents extra per tuber.

BEGONIA SUTHERLANDI — Summer-blooming species producing an abundance of small orange blossoms. 50 cents; 3 for \$1.40.

CALADIUM — If any plant were to be chosen for the most exotic leaves, certainly this would be it, with its big, broad leaves of brilliant splashes and exquisite veinings. For Summer growth. 45 cents; 3 for \$1.25; 10 for \$3.75. All one kind or mixed.

CALLA LILY—Well known for the unusual, showy spathes. For Winter blooming or can be stored for Summer use. We offer a White Calla (fragrant), Yellow Calla (with spotted foliage), and a Pink Calla. 50 cents each. Your choice of any 3 for \$1.40.

FRAGRANT FREESIA — Ideal winter bulbs with long-blooming, beautiful waxy flowers and heavenly fragrance. Wide color range. Mixed. 10 for 50 cents; 25 for \$1.10.

GLORIOSA PLANTI (Dwarf Glory Lily)—An 18-24 inch vine with tendril-tipped, glossy leaves and undulate, recurved petals of yellow at the base to scarlet at the tips. Easily staked. Winter or Summer growth. \$1; 3 for \$2.75.

GLORIOSA ROTHCHILDIANA—Similar to above but flowers are larger and vine grows from 4 to 6 feet long to present a striking display of bloom. \$1; 3 for \$2.75.

GLOXINIA — Clusters of large upfacing bells rising from rosettes of velvety green leaves. Big sister to the African Violet. For Winter or Summer growing. Mixed tubers 40 cents; 3 for \$1.10; 10 for \$3.50. Labeled color choice of white, blue, red, spotted and splashed, purple with white edge and red with white edge, add 5 cents per tuber.

CROFT LILY (Easter Lily)—Pure white, fragrant trumpets for Winter or Spring blooms. Compact growing strain. 70 cents; 3 for \$2.

NARCISSUS PAPERWHITE — Clusters of fragrant white flowers for any time of the Winter you choose. May be grown in soil or pebbles and water. Only a few weeks to bloom. 5 for 65 cents; 10 for \$1.25; 25 for \$2.85.

NARCISSUS SOLEIL D'OR—To be grown like Paperwhites, but flowers are yellow with orange red cups. Quite fragrant. 5 for 65 cents; 10 for \$1.25; 25 for \$2.85.

Please read our special terms, applying to bulb orders, at the top of this page, before ordering.

ADDITIONAL LISTINGS

Please note that the following plants will not be ready for shipping till between the first of the year and Spring. There are some rare treasures included here for the collector, some of which may never have been offered commercially before. Please check reference books for the descriptions.

ALLAMANDA WILLIAMSII	\$1.25	PASSIFLORA CINNABARINA ..	1.25
ARISTEA ECKLONII .....	.65	PASSIFLORA BRYONOIDES	1.00
BEGONIA SCHIMOZAPOLA .....	.75	PERESKIA GODSEFFIANA	
BERTOLONIA ARGYRAEA	1.50	GOLDIANA .....	.75
BERTOLONIA MACULATA	1.50	PERISTROPHE AUREA	
BERTOLONIA MARMORATA	1.50	MACULATA .....	.50
BILLBERGIA DISTACHIA		PHOENIX ROEBELENII .....	.75
ALBERTI	1.00	PSEUDERANTHEMUM	
CHAENOSTOMA FASTIGIATUM	.50	ATROPURPUREUM	1.00
CHAMAECEREUS SYLVESTRIS	.50	SANCHEZIA NOBILIS	1.25
GARDENIA VEITCHI .....	.75	SOLANUM—VARIEGATED	
GLECOMA HEDERACEA		LEAF .....	.75
VARIEGATED .....	.50	SOLENOMELUS CHILENSIS ....	.75
HOYA BELLA	1.00	STEPHANOTIS FLORIBUNDA ..	1.25
HOYA KEYSI	1.00	STAPELIA VARIEGATA .....	.50
OLEANDER—VARIEGATED		RUELLIA MAKOYANA .....	.50
LEAF—(Choice)	1.50	THUNBERGIA ERECTA .....	.75

INSTRUCTIONS FOR ORDERING

Terms are cash with order. No C.O.D. Minimum order \$3. Please add 25 cents additional to your remittance to help defray postage and packing. For west of the Mississippi, please add 10% of your total order plus the 25 cents. For Canada, please add 15% plus the 25 cents. Remittance should be made by money order, check or cash. Cash should be sent by registered letter.

The detachable order blank is for your convenience. But, please do not include any correspondence on your order blank. We have tried to include as much information as possible, regarding the plants, either in descriptions of the plants or in our cultural instructions. We have very little time for correspondence, so please do not write regarding the plants or your order unless necessary. Thank you. Your order will be filled in rotation.

G U A R A N T E E

We guarantee our plants to be good, clean, healthy stock. We also guarantee safe arrival to all points within the United States from April 1 to December 15. We will also ship at our discretion and risk, between January 2 and April 1, whenever breaks in the weather occur or to known mild areas.

Plant orders are shipped parcel post or by express through our judgment. Specified shipping preferences may or may not require additional remittance.

Should plants shipped at our risk be damaged in transit, claims must be made within five days of receipt, to be acceptable.

OUR GREENHOUSES ARE OPEN DAILY 9 A.M. TO 5 P.M.

Acknowledged

If sold out, should we Substitute or Refund

BARRINGTON GREENHOUSES

BOX 85

BARRINGTON, N. J.

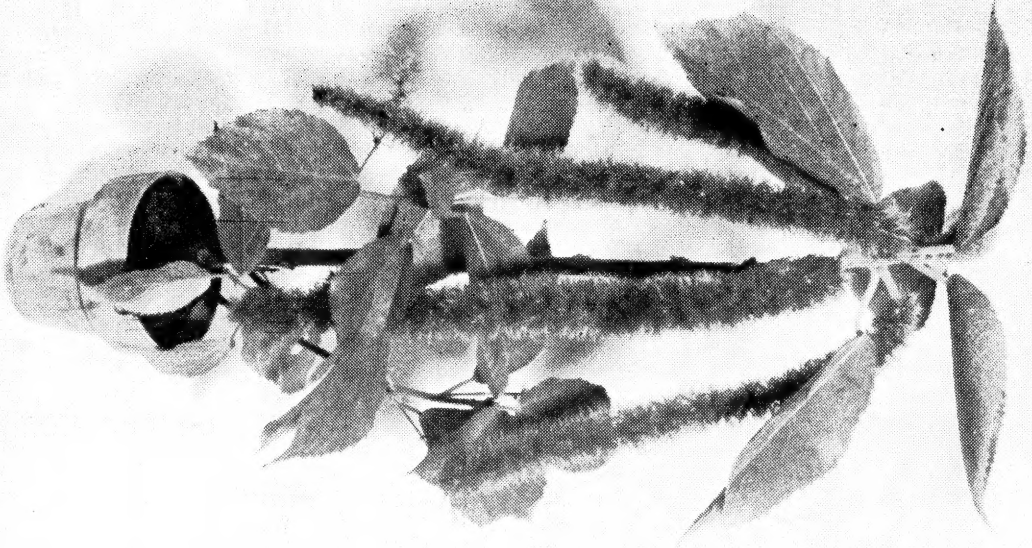
BULK RATE

U. S. POSTAGE

PAID

BARRINGTON, N. J.

PERMIT NO. 6



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ACALYPHA HISPIDA